Introduced by Assembly Member Levine

February 20, 2003

An act to add Section 1463.29 to the Penal Code, and to amend Sections 23538, 23540, 23542, 23546, 23548, 23550, 23552, 23575, and 23578 of, and to add Section 23587 to, the Vehicle Code, relating to vehicles.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 1026, as introduced, Levine. Vehicles: driving-under-the-influence: penalties.

(1) Existing law authorizes a court to require any person convicted of a first offense violation of certain driving-under-the-influence (DUI) provisions to install a certified ignition interlock device on any vehicle that the person owns or operates and prohibit that person from operating a motor vehicle unless that vehicle is equipped with a functioning, certified ignition interlock device.

This bill, instead, would require the court to impose the specified sanction on a first-time DUI offender who is found by the court to have had 0.15% or more, by weight, of alcohol in his or her blood at arrest, or who is found to have refused to take a chemical test at the time of the arrest. The bill would authorize the court to impose the specified sanction on other first-time DUI offenders who have 2 or more prior moving traffic violations.

(2) Existing law requires a court to consider a concentration of alcohol in the person's blood of 0.20% or more, by weight, or the refusal of the person to take a chemical test as a special factor that may justify enhancing the penalties in sentencing, in determining whether to grant

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probation, and, if probation is granted, in determining additional or enhanced terms and conditions of probation, when a person is convicted of violating specified DUI provisions.

This bill would decrease the required blood-alcohol concentration from 0.20% to 0.15%. The bill would make conforming changes in other, related provisions of law.

The bill would increase the minimum and maximum fines for violations of specified DUI provisions.

(3) Existing law imposes various fines and terms of imprisonment for a violation of a specified DUI provision.

This bill would require the court to impose additional fines when a person is convicted of violating the specified DUI provision as a repeat offender or with a blood-alcohol concentration of 0.15%, or more, by weight. Because local prosecutors would be required to plead and prove the additional facts supporting the enhancement, the bill would impose additional duties upon those prosecutors and would thus establish a state-mandated local program.

The bill would require all of the funds collected from the additional fines to be kept separate and apart from any other fines and forfeitures and be distributed by the county treasurer, as soon as practicable after their receipt, with 50% to be deposited in a special county account that would be used only for of the purposes of funding DUI programs licensed under existing law, as specified, and 50% to be deposited in the county's Maddy Emergency Medical Services (EMS) Fund, as specified, and expended only for the purposes authorized for the money in that fund. Because the bill thereby would impose additional duties upon the county treasurer, it would establish a state-mandated local program.

(4) The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement, including the creation of a State Mandates Claims Fund to pay the costs of mandates that do not exceed \$1,000,000 statewide and other procedures for claims whose statewide costs exceed \$1,000,000.

This bill would provide that, if the Commission on State Mandates determines that the bill contains costs mandated by the state, reimbursement for those costs shall be made pursuant to these statutory provisions.

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Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: yes.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

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- 1 SECTION 1. The Legislature finds and declares all of the 2 following:
 - (a) Driving under the influence of alcohol or drugs, or a combination of alcohol and drugs (DUI), continues to cause devastating monetary and intangible damages to the residents of California.
 - (b) The number of traffic fatalities related to alcohol in California has increased three years in a row.
 - (c) Each year alcohol-related crashes in California cost the public an estimated \$4 billion in monetary costs and \$7 billion in quality of life losses.
 - (d) Repeat DUI offenders and those offenders with high blood-alcohol concentrations (over 0.15 percent, by weight) are much more likely to be involved in fatal crashes.
 - (e) Accordingly, it is the intent of the Legislature in enacting this act to sanction with greater severity those offenders who are most likely to cause the greatest damage and loss of life and to reduce the number of alcohol-related crashes and fatalities in California.
 - SEC. 2. Section 1463.29 is added to the Penal Code, to read: 1463.29. Notwithstanding Section 1463, all of the funds collected under Section 23587 of the Vehicle Code shall be kept separate and apart from any other fines and forfeitures and shall be distributed by the county treasurer, as soon as practicable after their receipt, as follows:
 - (a) Fifty percent shall be deposited in a special county account that may be used only for the following purposes:
 - (1) In a county that does not have a driving-under-the-influence program licensed under Section 11836 of the Health and Safety Code, to fund the development, implementation, operation, and maintenance of that program.
 - (2) In a county that has only an 18-month driving-under-the-influence program, to fund the development, implementation, operation, and maintenance of a 30-month

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driving-under-the-influence program licensed under Section 11836 of the Health and Safety Code.

- (b) Fifty percent shall be deposited in the county's Maddy Emergency Medical Services (EMS) Fund established under Section 1797.98a of the Health and Safety Code, and may be expended only for the purposes authorized for the money in that fund.
- SEC. 3. Section 23538 of the Vehicle Code is amended to read:
- 23538. (a) Except as provided in subdivision (d), if the court grants probation to any person punished under Section 23536, in addition to the provisions of Section 23600 and any other terms and conditions imposed by the court, the court shall impose as a condition of probation that the person be subject to one of the following:
- (1) Be confined in the county jail for at least 48 hours but not more than six months, and pay a fine of at least three hundred ninety dollars (\$390), but not more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000). Except as provided in paragraph (2), the person's privilege to operate a motor vehicle shall be suspended by the Department of Motor Vehicles pursuant to department under paragraph (1) of subdivision (a) of Section 13352. The court shall require the person to surrender the driver's license to the court in accordance with Section 13550.
- (2) Pay a fine of at least three hundred ninety dollars (\$390) but not more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000), and, if the person gives proof of financial responsibility, as defined in Section 16430, to the Department of Motor Vehicles department, have the privilege to operate a motor vehicle restricted for 90 days to necessary travel to and from that person's place of employment and to and from participation in a program described in subdivision (b). If driving a motor vehicle is necessary to perform the duties of the person's employment, the restriction also shall allow the person to drive to locations within the person's scope of employment. Whenever the driving privilege is restricted pursuant to this paragraph, the person shall maintain proof of financial responsibility for three years.
- (3) If the court elects to order a 90-day restriction as provided for in paragraph (2), the court shall order and advise the person of the following matters:

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(A) If the person's privilege to operate a motor vehicle is suspended under Section 13353.2, the court-ordered restriction does not allow the person to operate a motor vehicle unless the suspension under Section 13353.2 has either been served to completion or set aside, and his or her license has been reinstated. The restriction of the driver's license described in paragraph (2) shall commence upon the reinstatement of the privilege to operate a motor vehicle.

- (B) If a suspension was not imposed pursuant to Section 13353.2, the person shall be advised by the court that the person's driving privilege may be suspended by the department pursuant to subdivision (c) of Section 13352.4 until proof of financial responsibility is provided.
- (b) In any county where the board of supervisors has approved, and the State Department of Alcohol and Drug Programs has licensed, a program or programs described in Section 11837.3 of the Health and Safety Code, the court shall also impose as a condition of probation that the driver shall enroll and participate in, and successfully complete a driving-under-the-influence program, licensed pursuant to Section 11836 of the Health and Safety Code, in the driver's county of residence or employment, as designated by the court.
- (1) The court shall refer a first offender whose blood-alcohol concentration was less than 0.20 0.15 percent, by weight, to participate for at least three months or longer, as ordered by the court, in a licensed program that consists of at least 30 hours of program activities, including those education, group counseling, and individual interview sessions described in Chapter 9 (commencing with Section 11836) of Part 2 of Division 10.5 of the Health and Safety Code.
- (2) The court shall refer a first offender whose blood-alcohol concentration was 0.20 0.15 percent or more, by weight, or who refused to take a chemical test, to participate for at least six months or longer, as ordered by the court, in a licensed program that consists of at least 45 hours of program activities, including those education, group counseling, and individual interview sessions described in Chapter 9 (commencing with Section 11836) of Part 2 of Division 10.5 of the Health and Safety Code.
- (3) The court shall advise the person at the time of sentencing that the driving privilege shall not be restored until the person has

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provided proof satisfactory to the Department of Motor Vehicles department of successful completion of driving-under-the-influence program licensed pursuant to Section 3 11836 of the Health and Safety Code.

- (c) (1) The court shall revoke the person's probation pursuant to Section 23602, except for good cause shown, for the failure to enroll in, participate in, or complete a program specified in subdivision (b).
- (2) The court, in establishing reporting requirements, shall 10 consult with the county alcohol program administrator. The county alcohol program administrator shall coordinate the reporting requirements with the department and with the State Department of Alcohol and Drug Programs. That reporting shall ensure that all persons who, after being ordered to attend and complete a program, may be identified for either (A) failure to enroll in, or failure to successfully complete, the program, or (B) successful completion of the program as ordered.
 - (d) Notwithstanding subdivision (a), if the offense occurred in a vehicle requiring a driver with a class A or class B driver's license or with an endorsement specified in Section 15278, the court shall upon conviction order the department to suspend the driver's privilege pursuant to paragraph (1) of subdivision (a) of Section 13352.
 - SEC. 4. Section 23540 of the Vehicle Code is amended to read:
 - 23540. If any person is convicted of a violation of Section 23152 and the offense occurred within seven years of a separate violation of Section 23103, as specified in Section 23103.5, 23152, or 23153, which resulted in a conviction, that person shall be punished by imprisonment in the county jail for not less than 90 days nor more than one year and by a fine of not less than three hundred ninety dollars (\$390) seven hundred fifty dollars (\$750) nor more than one thousand five hundred dollars (\$1,000) (\$1,500). The person's privilege to operate a motor vehicle shall be suspended by the Department of Motor Vehicles pursuant to department under paragraph (3) of subdivision (a) of Section 13352. The court shall require the person to surrender the driver's license to the court in accordance with Section 13550.
- SEC. 5. Section 23542 of the Vehicle Code is amended to 39 40 read:

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23542. If the court grants probation to any person punished under Section 23540, in addition to the provisions of Section 23600 and any other terms and conditions imposed by the court, the court shall impose as conditions of probation that the person be subject to either subdivision (a) or (b), as follows:

- (a) Be confined in the county jail for at least 10 days but not more than one year, and pay a fine of at least three hundred ninety dollars (\$390) seven hundred fifty dollars (\$750), but not more than one thousand five hundred dollars (\$1,000) (\$1,500). The person's privilege to operate a motor vehicle shall be suspended by the Department of Motor Vehicles pursuant to department under paragraph (3) of subdivision (a) of Section 13352. The court shall require the person to surrender the driver's license to the court in accordance with Section 13550.
 - (b) All of the following:

- (1) Be confined in the county jail for at least 96 hours, but not more than one year. A sentence of 96 hours of confinement shall be served in two increments consisting of a continuous 48 hours each. The two 48-hour increments may be served nonconsecutively.
- (2) Pay a fine of at least three hundred ninety dollars (\$390) seven hundred fifty dollars (\$750), but not more than one thousand five hundred dollars (\$1,000) (\$1,500).
- (3) Have the privilege to operate a motor vehicle be restricted by the Department of Motor Vehicles pursuant to department under Section 13352.5. Until all conditions prescribed in this section are met, the person's driving privilege is suspended pursuant to paragraph (3) of subdivision (a) of Section 13352. This paragraph does not apply if the offense occurred in a vehicle requiring a driver with a class A or class B driver's license or with an endorsement prescribed in Section 15278.
 - (4) Either of the following:
- (A) Enroll and participate, for at least 18 months subsequent to the date of the underlying violation and in a manner satisfactory to the court, in a driving-under-the-influence program licensed pursuant to Section 11836 of the Health and Safety Code, as designated by the court. The person shall complete the entire program subsequent to, and shall not be given any credit for any program activities completed prior to, the date of the current violation. The program shall provide for persons who cannot

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afford the program fee pursuant to paragraph (2) of subdivision (b) of Section 11837.4 of the Health and Safety Code in order to enable those persons to participate.

- (B) Enroll and participate, for at least 30 months subsequent to the date of the underlying violation and in a manner satisfactory to the court, in a driving-under-the-influence program licensed pursuant to Section 11836 of the Health and Safety Code. The person shall complete the entire program subsequent to, and shall not be given any credit for any program activities completed prior to, the date of the current violation.
- (c) The court shall advise the person at the time of sentencing that the driving privilege shall not be restored until the person has provided proof satisfactory to the Department of Motor Vehicles department of successful completion of a driving-under-the-influence program licensed pursuant to Section 11836 of the Health and Safety Code.
- 17 SEC. 6. Section 23546 of the Vehicle Code is amended to 18 read:
 - 23546. (a) If any person is convicted of a violation of Section 23152 and the offense occurred within seven years of two separate violations of Section 23103, as specified in Section 23103.5, 23152, or 23153, or any combination thereof, which resulted in convictions, that person shall be punished by imprisonment in the county jail for not less than 120 days nor more than one year and by a fine of not less than three hundred ninety dollars (\$390) one thousand dollars (\$1000) nor more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) two thousand dollars (\$2,000). The person's privilege to operate a motor vehicle shall be revoked by the Department of Motor Vehicles department as required in paragraph (5) of subdivision (a) of Section 13352. The court shall require the person to surrender his or her driver's license to the court in accordance with Section 13550.
 - (b) Any person convicted of a violation of Section 23152 punishable under this section shall be designated as a habitual traffic offender for a period of three years, subsequent to the conviction. The person shall be advised of this designation pursuant to subdivision (b) of Section 13350.
- 38 SEC. 7. Section 23548 of the Vehicle Code is amended to 39 read:

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23548. (a) If the court grants probation to any person punished under Section 23546, in addition to the provisions of Section 23600 and any other terms and conditions imposed by the court, the court shall impose as conditions of probation that the person be confined in the county jail for at least 120 days but not more than one year and pay a fine of at least three hundred ninety dollars (\$390) one thousand dollars (\$1,000) but not more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) two thousand dollars (\$2,000). The person's privilege to operate a motor vehicle shall be revoked by the Department of Motor Vehicles pursuant to department under paragraph (5) of subdivision (a) of Section 13352. The court shall require the person to surrender the driver's license to the court in accordance with Section 13550.

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(b) In addition to subdivision (a), if the court grants probation to any person punished under Section 23546, the court may order as a condition of probation that the person participate, for at least 30 months subsequent to the underlying conviction and in a manner satisfactory to the court, in a driving-under-the-influence program licensed pursuant to Section 11836 of the Health and Safety Code. In lieu of the minimum term of imprisonment specified in subdivision (a), the court shall impose as a condition of probation under this subdivision that the person be confined in the county jail for at least 30 days but not more than one year. The court shall may not order the treatment prescribed by this subdivision unless the person makes a specific request and shows good cause for the order, whether or not the person has previously completed a treatment program pursuant to paragraph (4) of subdivision (b) of Section 23542 or paragraph (4) of subdivision (b) of Section 23562. A person ordered to treatment pursuant to this subdivision shall apply to the court or to a board of review, as designated by the court, at the conclusion of the program to obtain the court's order of satisfaction. Only upon the granting of that order of satisfaction by the court may the program issue its certificate of successful completion and report the completion to the Department of Motor Vehicles department. A failure to obtain order of satisfaction at the conclusion of driving-under-the-influence program is a violation of probation. In order to enable all required persons to participate, each person shall pay the program costs commensurate with the person's ability to pay as determined pursuant to Section 11837.4 of the

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Health and Safety Code. No condition of probation required pursuant to this subdivision is a basis for reducing any other probation requirement in this section or Section 23600 or for avoiding the mandatory license revocation provisions of paragraph (5) of subdivision (a) of Section 13352.

(c) In addition to the provisions of Section 23600 and subdivision (a), if the court grants probation to any person punished under Section 23546 who has not previously completed a treatment program pursuant to paragraph (4) of subdivision (b) of Section 23542 or paragraph (4) of subdivision (b) of Section 10 23562, and unless the person is ordered to participate in and 12 driving-under-the-influence complete program 13 subdivision (b), the court shall impose as a condition of probation 14 that the person, subsequent to the date of the current violation, enroll and participate, for at least 18 months and in a manner satisfactory to the court, in a driving-under-the-influence program 16 licensed pursuant to Section 11836 of the Health and Safety Code, as designated by the court. The person shall complete the entire program subsequent to, and shall not be given any credit for program activities completed prior to, the date of the current violation. Any person who has previously completed a 12-month or 18-month program licensed pursuant to Section 11836 of the 23 Health and Safety Code shall not be eligible for referral pursuant 24 subdivision unless a 30-month driving-under-the-influence program is not available for referral 25 26 in the county of the person's residence or employment. The program shall provide for persons who cannot afford the program fee pursuant to paragraph (2) of subdivision (b) of Section 11837.4 of the Health and Safety Code in order to enable those persons to participate. No condition of probation required pursuant to this 30 subdivision is a basis for reducing any other probation requirement in this section or Section 23600 or for avoiding the mandatory license revocation provisions of paragraph (5) of subdivision (a) 34 of Section 13352.

35 SEC. 8. Section 23550 of the Vehicle Code is amended to 36 read:

23550. (a) If any person is convicted of a violation of Section 23152 and the offense occurred within seven years of three or more separate violations of Section 23103, as specified in Section 23103.5, or Section 23152 or 23153, or any combination thereof,

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which resulted in convictions, that person shall be punished by imprisonment in the state prison, or in a county jail for not less than 180 days nor more than one year, and by a fine of not less than three hundred ninety dollars (\$390) nor more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) five thousand dollars (\$5,000) nor more than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000). The person's privilege to operate a motor vehicle shall be revoked by the Department of Motor Vehicles pursuant to department under paragraph (7) of subdivision (a) of Section 13352. The court shall require the person to surrender the driver's license to the court in accordance with Section 13550.

(b) Any person convicted of a violation of Section 23152 punishable under this section shall be designated as a habitual traffic offender for a period of three years, subsequent to the conviction. The person shall be advised of this designation pursuant to subdivision (b) of Section 13350.

- SEC. 9. Section 23552 of the Vehicle Code is amended to read:
- 23552. (a) If the court grants probation to any person punished under Section 23550, in addition to the provisions of Section 23600 and any other terms and conditions imposed by the court, the court shall impose as conditions of probation that the person be confined in a county jail for at least 180 days but not more than one year and pay a fine of at least three hundred ninety dollars (\$390) but not more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) five thousand dollars (\$5,000) but not more than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000). The person's privilege to operate a motor vehicle shall be revoked by the Department of Motor Vehicles pursuant to department under paragraph (7) of subdivision (a) of Section 13352. The court shall require the person to surrender the driver's license to the court in accordance with Section 13550.
- (b) In addition to subdivision (a), if the court grants probation to any person punished under Section 23550, the court may order as a condition of probation that the person participate, for at least 30 months subsequent to the underlying conviction and in a manner satisfactory to the court, in a driving-under-the-influence program licensed pursuant to Section 11836 of the Health and Safety Code. In lieu of the minimum term of imprisonment in subdivision (a), the court shall impose as a condition of probation under this subdivision that the person be confined in the county jail

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for at least 30 days but not more than one year. The court shall not order the treatment prescribed by this subdivision unless the 3 person makes a specific request and shows good cause for the order, whether or not the person has previously completed a 5 treatment program pursuant to paragraph (4) of subdivision (b) of 6 Section 23542 or paragraph (4) of subdivision (b) of Section 23562. A person ordered to treatment pursuant to this subdivision shall apply to the court or to a board of review, as designated by 9 the court, at the conclusion of the program to obtain the court's order of satisfaction. Only upon the granting of that order of 10 11 satisfaction by the court may the program issue its certificate of successful completion and report the completion to the 12 Department of Motor Vehicles. A failure to obtain an order of 13 14 satisfaction at the conclusion of the program is a violation of probation. In order to enable all required persons to participate, 15 each person shall pay the program costs commensurate with the 16 17 person's ability to pay as determined pursuant to Section 11837.4 of the Health and Safety Code. No condition of probation required 19 pursuant to this subdivision is a basis for reducing any other 20 probation requirement in this section or Section 23600 or for 21 avoiding the mandatory license revocation provisions of 22 paragraph (7) of subdivision (a) of Section 13352. 23

(c) In addition to the provisions of Section 23600 and subdivision (a), if the court grants probation to any person punished under Section 23550 who has not previously completed a treatment program pursuant to paragraph (4) of subdivision (b) of Section 23542 or paragraph (4) of subdivision (b) of Section 23562, and unless the person is ordered to participate in, and complete, a program under subdivision (b), the court shall impose as a condition of probation that the person, subsequent to the date of the current violation, enroll in and participate, for at least 18 months and in a manner satisfactory to the court, in a driving-under-the-influence program licensed pursuant to Section 11836 of the Health and Safety Code, as designated by the court. The person shall complete the entire program subsequent to, and shall not be given any credit for program activities completed prior to, the date of the current violation. Any person who has previously completed a 12-month or 18-month driving-under-the-influence program licensed pursuant to Section 11836 of the Health and Safety Code shall not be eligible for referral pursuant to this

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subdivision unless a 30-month driving-under-the-influence program licensed pursuant to Section 11836 of the Health and Safety Code is not available for referral in the county of the person's residence or employment. No condition of probation required pursuant to this subdivision is a basis for reducing any other probation requirement in this section or Section 23600 or for avoiding the mandatory license revocation provisions of paragraph (7) of subdivision (a) of Section 13352.

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SEC. 10. Section 23575 of the Vehicle Code is amended to read:

23575. (a) (1) In addition to any other provisions of law, the court may shall require that any a person convicted of a first offense violation of Section 23152 or 23153 who is found by the court to have had 0.15 percent or more, by weight, of alcohol in his or her blood at the time of the arrest, or who is found to have refused to take a chemical test at the time of the arrest, to install a certified ignition interlock device on any vehicle that the person owns or operates and prohibit that person from operating a motor vehicle unless that vehicle is equipped with a functioning, certified ignition interlock device. The court shall give heightened consideration to applying this sanction to first offense violators with 0.20 percent or more, by weight, of alcohol in his or her blood at arrest, or with two or more prior moving traffic violations, or of persons who refused the chemical tests at arrest may apply this sanction to a person convicted of a first offense violation of Section 23152 or 23153 who is found by the court to have had less then 0.15 percent, by weight, of alcohol in his or her blood at the time of the arrest, but who has two or more prior moving violations. If the court orders the ignition interlock device restriction, the term shall be determined by the court for a period not to exceed three years from the date of conviction. The court shall notify the Department of Motor Vehicles department, as specified in subdivision (a) of Section 1803, of the terms of the restriction in accordance with subdivision (a) of Section 1804. The Department of Motor Vehicles department shall place the restriction in the person's records in the Department of Motor Vehicles department.

(2) The court shall require any person convicted of a violation of Section 14601.2 to install an ignition interlock device on any vehicle that the person owns or operates and *shall* prohibit the person from operating a motor vehicle unless the vehicle is

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1 equipped with a functioning, certified ignition interlock device.
2 The term of the restriction shall be determined by the court for a
3 period not to exceed three years from the date of conviction. The
4 court shall notify the Department of Motor Vehicles department,
5 as specified in subdivision (a) of Section 1803, of the terms of the
6 restrictions in accordance with subdivision (a) of Section 1804.
7 The Department of Motor Vehicles department shall place the
8 restriction in the person's records in the Department of Motor
9 Vehicles department.

- (b) The court shall include on the abstract of conviction or violation submitted to the Department of Motor Vehicles department under Section 1803 or 1816, the requirement and term for the use of a certified ignition interlock device. The records of the department shall reflect mandatory use of the device for the term ordered by the court.
- (c) The court shall advise the person that installation of an ignition interlock device on a vehicle does not allow the person to drive without a valid driver's license.
- (d) Any person whose driving privilege is restricted by the court pursuant to this section shall arrange for each vehicle with an ignition interlock device to be serviced by the installer at least once every 60 days in order for the installer to recalibrate and monitor the operation of the device. The installer shall notify the court if the device is removed or indicates that the person has attempted to remove, bypass, or tamper with the device, or if the person fails three or more times to comply with any requirement for the maintenance or calibration of the ignition interlock device. There is no obligation for the installer to notify the court if the person has complied with all of the requirements of this article.
- (e) The court shall monitor the installation and maintenance of any ignition interlock device restriction ordered pursuant to subdivision (a) or (l). If any person fails to comply with the court order, the court shall give notice of the fact to the department pursuant to Section 40509.1.
- (f) (1) Pursuant to Section 13352, if any person is convicted of a violation of Section 23152 or 23153, and the offense occurred within seven years of one or more separate violations of Section 23152 or 23153 that resulted in a conviction, the person may apply to the Department of Motor Vehicles department for a restricted driver's license pursuant to Section 13352 that prohibits the person

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from operating a motor vehicle unless that vehicle is equipped with a functioning ignition interlock device, certified pursuant to Section 13386. The restriction shall remain in effect for at least the remaining period of the original suspension or revocation and until all reinstatement requirements in Section 13352 are met.

- (2) Pursuant to subdivision (g), the Department of Motor Vehicles department shall immediately terminate the restriction issued pursuant to Section 13352 and shall immediately suspend or revoke the privilege to operate a motor vehicle of any person who attempts to remove, bypass, or tamper with the device, who has the device removed prior to the termination date of the restriction, or who fails three or more times to comply with any requirement for the maintenance or calibration of the ignition interlock device ordered pursuant to Section 13352. The privilege shall remain suspended or revoked for the remaining period of the originating suspension or revocation and until all reinstatement requirements in Section 13352 are met.
- (g) Any person whose driving privilege is restricted by the Department of Motor Vehicles pursuant to department under Section 13352 shall arrange for each vehicle with an ignition interlock device to be serviced by the installer at least once every 60 days in order for the installer to recalibrate the device and monitor the operation of the device. The installer shall notify the Department of Motor Vehicles department if the device is removed or indicates that the person has attempted to remove, bypass, or tamper with the device, or if the person fails three or more times to comply with any requirement for the maintenance or calibration of the ignition interlock device. There is no obligation on the part of the installer to notify the department or the court if the person has complied with all of the requirements of this section.
- (h) Nothing in this section permits a person to drive without a valid driver's license.
- (i) The Department of Motor Vehicles department shall include information along with the order of suspension or revocation for repeat offenders informing them that after a specified period of suspension or revocation has been completed, the person may either install an ignition interlock device on any vehicle that the person owns or operates or remain with a suspended or revoked driver's license.

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 (j) Pursuant to this section, out-of-state residents who otherwise would qualify for an ignition interlock device restricted license in California shall be prohibited from operating a motor vehicle in California unless that vehicle is equipped with a functioning ignition interlock device. No ignition interlock device is required to be installed on any vehicle owned by the defendant that is not driven in California.

- (k) If a person has a medical problem that does not permit the person to breathe with sufficient strength to activate the device, then that person shall only have the suspension option.
- (*l*) This section does not restrict a court from requiring installation of an ignition interlock device and prohibiting operation of a motor vehicle unless that vehicle is equipped with a functioning, certified ignition interlock device for any persons to whom subdivision (a) or (b) does not apply. The term of the restriction shall be determined by the court for a period not to exceed three years from the date of conviction. The court shall notify the Department of Motor Vehicles department, as specified in subdivision (a) of Section 1803, of the terms of the restrictions in accordance with subdivision (a) of Section 1804. The Department of Motor Vehicles department shall place the restriction in the person's records in the Department of Motor Vehicles department.
- (m) For purposes of this section, "vehicle" does not include a motorcycle until the state certifies an ignition interlock device that can be installed on a motorcycle. Any person subject to an ignition interlock device restriction shall may not operate a motorcycle for the duration of the ignition interlock device restriction period.
- (n) For purposes of this section, "owned" means solely owned or owned in conjunction with another person or legal entity. For purposes of this section, "operates" includes operating vehicles that are not owned by the person subject to this section.
- (o) For the purposes of this section, bypass includes, but is not limited to, either of the following:
- (1) Any combination of failing or not taking the ignition interlock device rolling retest three consecutive times.
- (2) Any incidence of failing or not taking the ignition interlock device rolling retest, when not followed by an incidence of passing the ignition interlock rolling retest prior to turning the vehicles's vehicle's engine off.

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SEC. 11. Section 23578 of the Vehicle Code is amended to read:

23578. In addition to any other provision of this code, if any person is convicted of a violation of Section 23152 or 23153, the court shall consider a concentration of alcohol in the person's blood of 0.20 0.15 percent or more, by weight, or the refusal of the person to take a chemical test as a special factor which that may justify enhancing the penalties in sentencing, in determining whether to grant probation, and, if probation is granted, in determining additional or enhanced terms and conditions of probation.

- SEC. 12. Section 23587 is added to the Vehicle Code, to read: 23587. (a) If a person is convicted of a violation of Section 23152 and the court finds that the person had a blood-alcohol concentration less than 0.15 percent, by weight, at the time of the arrest, the court shall impose the following penalties in addition to any other penalty prescribed by law:
- (1) If the person is convicted of a violation of Section 23152 that is punishable under Section 23540, the punishment shall be enhanced by an additional fine of five hundred dollars (\$500).
- (2) If the person is convicted of a violation of Section 23152 that is punishable under Section 23546, the punishment shall be enhanced by an additional fine of one thousand dollars (\$1,000).
- (3) If the person is convicted of a violation of Section 23152 that is punishable under Section 23550, the punishment shall be enhanced by an additional fine of two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500).
- (b) If a person is convicted of a violation of Section 23152 and the court finds that the person had a blood-alcohol concentration of 0.15 percent or more, by weight, at the time of the arrest, the court shall impose the following penalties in addition to any other penalty prescribed by law:
- (1) If the person is convicted of a violation of Section 23152 that is punishable under Section 23536, the punishment shall be enhanced by an additional fine of five hundred dollars (\$500).
- (2) If the person is convicted of a violation of Section 23152 that is punishable under Section 23540, the punishment shall be enhanced by an additional fine of two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500).

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(3) If the person is convicted of a violation of Section 23152 1 2 that is punishable under Section 23546, the punishment shall be 3 enhanced by an additional fine of five thousand dollars (\$5,000). (4) If the person is convicted of a violation of Section 23152 4 that is punishable under Section 23550, the punishment shall be 5 enhanced by an additional fine of ten thousand dollars (\$10,000). 7 SEC. 13. Notwithstanding Section 17610 of the Government Code, if the Commission on State Mandates determines that this act contains costs mandated by the state, reimbursement to local agencies and school districts for those costs shall be made pursuant 10 to Part 7 (commencing with Section 17500) of Division 4 of Title 2 of the Government Code. If the statewide cost of the claim for 12 reimbursement does not exceed one million dollars (\$1,000,000), 13 reimbursement shall be made from the State Mandates Claims 15 Fund.